THE EFFECT OF CASHLESS POLICY ON THE PERFORMANCE OF DEPOSIT MONEY BANKS IN NIGERIA

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Matric Number: 16020101024

BEING A RESEARCH PROJECT SUBMITTED TO THE
DEPARTMENT OF ACCOUNTING AND FINANCE,
COLLEGE OF HUMANITIES, MANAGEMENT
AND SOCIAL SCIENCES, MOUNTAIN TOP
UNIVERSITY, IN PARTIAL FULFILLMENT
OF THE REQUIREMENTS FOR
THE AWARD OF THE BACHELOR
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CERTIFICATION

This is to certify that this project titled: THE	EFFECT OF CASHLESS POLICY ON THE			
PERFORMANCE OF DEPOSIT MONEY	BANKS IN NIGERIA was carried out by			
SHONUBI DEBORAH OLAOLUWA with matriculation number 16020101024 in partial				
Fulfilment of the requirements for the award of Bachelor of Science (B.Sc.) degree in the				
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DEDICATION

Dedicated to God Almighty for His enabling grace

&

To my family members for all their support.

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"Bless the LORD, O my soul, and all that is within me, bless His holy name." Psalm 103:1

I am very grateful to the Almighty God, my help in ages past and my hope for years to come. I thank Him for all His help to me since the inception of my stay in Mountain Top University and for His enabling grace which helped me to successfully complete this project.

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ABBREVIATIONS

ATM Automated Teller Machine

CBN Central Bank of Nigeria

DMB Deposit Money Banks

Electronic Fund Transfer)

FMCG Fast Moving Consumer Goods

ICT Information and Communications Technology

MDA Ministries, Departments and Agencies

MMO Mobile Money Operators

NEFT National Electronic Funds Transfer (Nigeria Interbank Settlement System

NIBSS Nigeria Interbank Settlement System

NIP National Instant Payment (Nigeria Interbank Settlement System Instant Payment)

OFI Other Financial Institutions

PMI Private Mortgage Insurance

POS Point of Sale

PSSP Payment Solution Service Providers

ROA Return on Assets

ROI Return on Investment

SPSS Statistical Package for Social Sciences

USSD Unstructured Supplementary Service Data

WBT Web Based Transactions

ABSTRACT

The study examines the Effect of Cashless Policy on the Performance of Deposit Money Banks (DMBs) in Nigeria for the period 2012-2018. The study uses Automated Teller Machine (ATM), Point of Sale (POS) and Web Based Transactions (WBT) as independent variables to measure the cashless policy while Return on Assets (ROA) was employed as proxy for performance of the DMBs and used as the dependent variable. Hypotheses were formulated and tested using Simple Linear Regression analysis (SLR). There is a significant effect of Point on Sales terminal transactions on return on assets of deposit money banks in Nigeria. Automated teller machine transactions does not have a significant effect on return on assets of deposit money banks in Nigeria. Web based transactions has a significant effect on return on assets of deposit money banks in Nigeria. The study concludes that cashless policy has a significant effect on the performance of deposit money banks in Nigeria. The study recommends thatmanagement should pay more attention on the activities that will improve the ATM services of their banks if they wish to increase the ROA and enlighten customers on the convenience and importance of adopting mobile banking channels in completing their transactions and also provide them with adequate information on how to prevent fraudsters from gaining access to their accounts. Government and regulatory authorities should be able to provide security both physically and electronically to prevent the occurrence of hacking by fraudsters.

Keywords: ATM, Cashless Policy, DMB, POS, WBT.